

PREDICT EARLY RAILWAY PEACE

Union Officials Are Optimistic
Over Settlement.

OTHER ROADS SEEK PACTS

Railroads Reduce Operating Expenses
by Discharging More Than
81,000 Employees in the
Past Year.

Chicago, Aug. 30.—Predictions of peace and the likelihood of an early amicable settlement of the trouble involving thousands of shopmen of railroads the country over came from union officials following the first of the series of conferences here which both sides plan.

While officials of the Harriman lines and the Illinois Central system maintained their original position of opposition to the federation of mechanical crafts, union leaders were optimistic in their statements. They pointed out that they had already obtained such a foothold with the employees of other roads that the Harriman lines and the Illinois Central would be obliged to concede their demands.

It was announced, furthermore, that officials of the Northwestern line will confer with federation leaders regarding wages and working conditions. It was declared that excellent progress toward obtaining a satisfactory agreement with the Rock Island had already been made.

Statistics compiled by the bureau of railway economics at Washington show that railroads representing about 60 per cent. of the total operated mileage of the country reduced the number of their employees by 81,780 between April 30, 1910, and April 30, 1911.

The bureau is supported by more than fifty railroads. The data show that on 139,755 miles of line, or nearly 60 per cent. of the total operated mileage of the country, there were 987,790 employees April 30 last, as compared with 1,069,570 employees on 137,671 miles of road April 30, 1910.

"It will be perceived," says the bureau's bulletin, "that while the operated mileage of the railways covered by the study had increased during the year between April 30, 1910, and April 30, 1911, by 2,000 miles, or 1.5 per cent., the men employed in operating the increased mileage had decreased by nearly 82,000, or 7.6 per cent. That is, the number of employees for every 100 miles fell during the year from 777 to 707.

"For each 100 miles of line the total number of employees was less by seven men in 1911 than in 1910. If conclusions may be drawn for the whole country from the reports of nearly 60 per cent. of the mileage, it would appear that during the year under consideration the labor force of the railways was cut by nearly one-tenth as a result of effort to reduce expenses and effect economies at every point.

"Trackmen," adds the bulletin, "were reduced 10.6 per cent., miscellaneous employees 6.5 per cent., shopmen 4.7 per cent. and trainmen 3.1 per cent. Maintenance of way, represented by trackmen, is shown to have suffered the greatest reduction of the number of employees."

ELECTROCUTED ON STREET

Driver in Warren, Ohio, Comes in Contact with Charged Wire.

Warren, O., Aug. 30.—Thomas Lane-down was electrocuted while he pleaded for help, yet warned his rescuers off.

He was driving along the street when a telephone wire fell across a power wire and struck him. He tried to push the wire, carrying 2,400 volts, away from him, but after taking hold of it with his hands, he couldn't let go.

Condemns Daughter to Maidenhood. Belleville, Ill., Aug. 30.—The will of the late Anna B. Schenbelen of Morris, which has been filed in the probate court at Belleville, provides that the bulk of her estate go to her daughter, Louisa Schenbelen as long as she remains single. Should the daughter marry the property is to be divided between the other children.

FORMER YPSI MAN RAISES POTATOES THAT WEIGH A POUND

In a recent letter from C. M. Fellows of Long Beach, Calif., he states that he has grown during the past few weeks a number of potatoes each of which weigh a pound. These he says, were grown in just six weeks and there was but one shower during that time. Mr. Fellows is pleased with the climate and delighted with the fertility of the soil in California.

Vaudeville Friday and Saturday
Nights at Opera House. 10 cents.

McNAMARA STAMPS ILLEGAL

Letters Bearing Them Are Returned
to Senders by Authorities.

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 30.—A bundle of letters sent out by Cincinnati labor unions were returned to senders it has developed, by the postoffice department, because they had McNamara's defense stamps affixed in violation of the new postal statute against stamps resembling in shape and size regular postage stamps.

The McNamara defense stamps are being used by hundreds of labor organizations throughout the country on the same principle as the Red Cross stamps are used during the Christmas season to aid in the fight against tuberculosis.

CITY SCHOOLS OPEN TUESDAY; 8 NEW TEACHERS

All departments of the public schools open next Tuesday morning, with the exception of the kindergarten in the Woodruff and Prospect schools; they will open September 18. There has been great activity during the summer in the way of thoroughly renovating all school buildings. This has been carried to a greater extent than is usual in most communities. The buildings have in fact been made as nearly new as old buildings will allow. The floors have been scrubbed and a preparation of oil put thereon which is equal to a hardwood dressing. It is the practise of the administration to have redressed the tops of the desks in several of the rooms each year. This has been done the present season. In the Woodruff school the blackboards have been built up a foot and a half higher. In the central building a new and modern toilet system has been installed for the boys. The library books and shelves have been thoroughly dusted.

The annual manual, this year numbering 200 pages, will be issued in a few days.

In the list of teachers published below there are to be noted eight new names. The only new name in the high school faculty is that of Miss Emily C. Hollister. Miss Gertrude Ellis comes to the fifth grade in the central building. The greatest number of changes are to be observed in the corps of the Woodruff school teachers. Here Miss Edith MacLaren in the sixth, Miss Ruby Kelly in the fourth and Miss J. Gertrude Smith in the third are entering upon their first year of teaching in Ypsilanti. Miss Edith Prothero will take the second and third grades in the Prospect school and Miss Mineta Sammis will have charge of the kindergarten in that building. The only new special teacher who has been engaged is Miss Edith Tefft, who will assist Miss DeVoe in drawing and manual training.

Central Building.
High School.
F. U. Quillin, Principal, Latin and U. S. History.

Carrie A. Hardy, Preceptress, Mathematics.
DeForrest Ross, Physics and Physiology.
Ida E. Roberts, History.

Edith Thomas, English.
Herman L. Meyer, German and French.
Elsie E. Cooper, Latin and English.
Emily C. Hollister, Algebra, Botany and Zoology.

Grades.
Edith A. Steere, Eighth.
Mary L. Alexander, Eighth.
Mrs. Emma L. Yott, Seventh.
Harriet A. Shankland, Sixth.
Gertrude Ellis, Fifth.
Katherine E. Corbett, Fourth.
Cora E. Roehm, Third.
Edith P. Griggs, Second.
Maud V. Preston, First.

Woodruff School.
Alice B. Morgan, Seventh.
Edith MacLaren, Sixth.
Minnie Maegle, Fifth.
Ruby Kelly, Fourth.
J. Gertrude Smith, Third.
Lucia M. Densmore, Second.
LaVern Ross, First.
Edith Dixon, Kindergarten.

Prospect School.
Mrs. Carlotta E. Norris, Fourth and Fifth.
Edith Prothero, Second and Third.
May L. Webb, First.
Mineta Sammis, Kindergarten.

Adams School.
Mrs. Anna C. Alexander, Third and Fourth.
Eva L. Kishlar, First and Second.

Special Teachers.
Una E. DeVoe, Drawing and Manual Training.
Jessie C. Swaine, Domestic Science and Art.
Grace G. Giberson, Music.
Edith Tefft, Ass't. in Drawing and Manual Training.

Western Pictures Tomorrow Night
at Ypsilanti Opera House.

Vaudeville Friday and Saturday
Nights at Opera House. 10 cents.

NEW CANADIAN RULER COMING

Duke of Connaught Soon to
Succeed Earl Grey.

POTTER ABOUT DUKE'S TITLE

New Incumbent, Being of Blood Royal,
Will Be Addressed as "Your Royal
Highness," Not as "Your
Excellency."

Ottawa, Ont., Aug. 30.—The vexed question of how to address the Duke of Connaught after he becomes governor general of Canada in October is at last settled by a circular issued from the office of the secretary of state.

Up to this time governors-general have been addressed as "your excellency," and referred to as "his excellency." But the duke and duchess are to be addressed as "your royal highness."

The duke's official title fills nearly half a page of the circular, beginning with Duke of Connaught, field marshal, his royal highness, Prince Arthur William Patrick Albert, Duke of Connaught and of Strathearn, Count of Essex, etc. But in the official addresses a shorter form may be used as Field Marshal, His Royal Highness, Duke of Connaught, Knight of the Garter, etc.

The circular issued by the secretary of state was translated into French and sent to the lieutenant governor of Quebec and other Quebec officials, who will meet his royal highness when he lands at Quebec about Oct. 12.

Earl Grey will sail from Quebec and the duke will sail from Liverpool Oct. 6, passing each other in mid-ocean.

Plans for an elaborate reception of the duke here have been completed.

SEWER IS CLEANED

Acting on the recommendation of Health Officer Post, the city this morning flushed out the catch basin at the corner of Washington and Congress streets. It was found that there was sewer gas at this point and operations are under way to eradicate the trouble.

FISHER IN 400 MILE TRIP

Gives Impression He Will Favor the
Leasing System for Coal.

Cordova, Alaska, Aug. 30.—Secretary of the Interior Walter L. Fisher has completed a 400 mile trip along the Copper river valley into the interior of Alaska.

Throughout the journey the secretary busied himself shaking hands with prospectors and pioneers and asking them questions as to needs of the localities. They told him their most pressing need was cheaper fuel.

Mr. Fisher said he was still gathering facts and figures as to the best method of opening the coal lands. He intimated that the situation resolved itself into two propositions, one of leasing the lands and the other a system of government ownership.

The impression left here was that he would advocate the leasing system.

Favors Appeal to Stomach.

Columbus, Ind., Aug. 30.—In an address delivered before the Household Economics Club Mrs. Margaret M. Romine of Mooresville, said that the temperance problem could be more easily solved by appealing to a man's stomach rather than to his brain. She also said that poor nourishment is the cause of the poor morals and that so long as there are poor cooks just so long will there be saloons.

FEW WASHTENAW GOLF PLAYERS TO ATTEND MEET IN GRAND RAPIDS

The Michigan State Golf League will meet in Grand Rapids August 31, September 1 and 2. While there is no prospect at present that the Ypsilanti golf players will be represented, still a number of the Washtenaw Country club people from Ann Arbor will attend. Among these are John Henry, Dan Zimmerman, Fred McOmber, Myron Slater and Jack Sheehan.

POLICE STILL BUSY WITH BICYCLE VIOLATIONS OF THE CITY ORDINANCE

A number of arrests have been made during the past few months of persons who persist in riding on the sidewalks on their bicycles. This is a practice which is strictly forbidden by the city ordinance.

Raymond Brooks, a young colored lad, was arrested this morning for violating this ordinance and was arraigned before Justice Stadtmiller. He pleaded guilty and was allowed to go on payment of costs, \$3.45.

SPEAKER CLARK He Declares President's Massa- chusetts' Speech Was Unfair.



Photo by American Press Association.

CALLS PRESIDENT UNFAIR

Speaker Clark Charges Taft's Hamil-
ton, Mass., Speech Was Reckless.

Quincy, Ill., Aug. 30.—Champ Clark speaker of the national house of representatives, before leaving here replied emphatically to President Taft's speech of defiance to insurgent Republicans and Democrats, delivered at Hamilton, Mass., last Saturday.

In a signed interview the speaker accused the president of not stating facts. He said he did not reply for the insurgent Republicans, who "no doubt will take up the cudgels in their own behalf." He declared among other things that if the tariff board is to be used as a pretext for delaying tariff revision downward the Democrats will cut off its supplies.

Will Admit Slaying Girl.
Holland, Mich., Aug. 30.—Walter Hopper of Chicago, who threw his sweetheart, Daisy Watts, better known as Grace Lyons of Chicago, overboard from the seamer Puritan in midlake, waived preliminary examination on the charge of murder and is ready to plead guilty.

PLAN LABOR DAY MATINEE

YPSILANTI AND ANN ARBOR
DRIVING CLUBS WILL
UNITE FOR RACES.

Plans are being made by the Ypsilanti and Ann Arbor Driving Club for a race matinee to be held in Ypsilanti and Ann Arbor next week. On Monday, Labor Day, the horse fanciers will meet at Ann Arbor. The races will start at 1:30 sharp. A good class of horses have been entered and Otto's Knight Templar band will furnish the music. Street cars will take the crowd to the grounds.

On Wednesday, Sept. 6, a matinee will be held at Recreation Park in this city, at which time there will be free for all, trot or pace, half mile heats; Class A and B, trot or pace, best three in five, half mile heats, etc. A purse of \$70 will be offered the winners.

It is expected that a matinee will be held at Wayne a few days later.

3 NATIONS OUTWITTED

American Brings Home Ostriches
Despite Three Governments.

Fifty-Three Birds Valued at \$795,000
Brought into Country
from Africa.

Boston, Aug. 30.—Edicts of the governments of England, France and Germany failed to terrify William Hiles, ostrich farmer of Bloomsburg, Pa., during his latest trip to Africa.

The three governments had issued edicts that no ostriches be taken out of Africa. Mr. Hiles is in Boston with fifty-three of the birds, brought to America on the steamer Kansas. He was in Africa a year.

The birds were put on the Kansas secretly at Jibuti. Owing to the fact that it is practically impossible to obtain more Mr. Hiles values his birds at \$15,000 each.

OF INTEREST.

The exposition of the methods used by many financial kings of America in their nefarious trade of shaping legislation by means of their power over weak and unfaithful public servants to gain their ends is tersely told in Chas. Klein's great play, "The Lion and the Mouse."

SHIPS WRECKED IN GREAT STORM

Six United States Torpedo Boats
Are Blown Ashore.

MANY DEATHS ARE REPORTED

Steamship Lexington Is Aground Off
Huntington Island and Tugs
Have Gone to Her
Relief.

Savannah, Ga., Aug. 30.—Reports of many deaths and the wrecking of six United States torpedo boats at Charleston, S. C., in the tempest of Sunday night have been received in Savannah.

For hours it was feared at least two big steamers had been sunk with all on board, but these were accounted for.

Charleston remained cut off from the rest of the world by telegraph. The passengers arriving at Savannah from Charleston reported untold damage in that city. They said many lives had been lost.

Six torpedo boats were swept ashore and damaged \$20,000. The velocity of the wind was estimated at eighty to nine miles an hour.

The steamship Lexington of the Merchants and Miners' Transportation company, Savannah to Philadelphia, is aground off Huntington Island. Tugs and the revenue cutter Yamacraw have gone to her relief. The Lexington has eleven passengers.

U. OF M. PROFESSOR AND FAMILY WILL ATTEND DEDICATION AT RENNES

Ann Arbor, August 29.—Prof. and Mrs. James Bird and their two children left Ann Arbor Monday for New York, from which port they will sail for Glasgow. They will travel through England and Scotland, and France, and in October they will go to Brittany, to Rennes, where a great celebration is to be held. This is the dedication of new university buildings in the University of Rennes and a celebration to commemorate the union of Brittany and France. The University of Rennes has invited various universities to send delegates and Professor Bird will represent Michigan University. The Birds will stay abroad till September, 1912.

Western Pictures Tomorrow Night
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PROSECUTOR AND CHIEF COUNSEL FOR DEFENSE IN YOUNG BEATTIE'S TRIAL FOR ALLEGED MURDER OF WIFE



PROSECUTING
ATTORNEY WENDENBURG

H. M. SMITH, CHIEF
COUNSEL

Chesterfield County Court-house, Va., Aug. 30.—Lawyer Wendenburg, prosecuting attorney, and H. M. Smith, chief counsel for the defense in the Beattie murder trial, are having some sharp tilts over legal points as the case proceeds. Both are veteran attorneys with much experience in criminal practice. Mr. Wendenburg, for the state, is a keen cross examiner, while Mr. Smith is always alert in making objections and taking exceptions in favor of his client.

Hasty preparations were made overnight by the commonwealth to combat today testimony given by 15-year-old Alexander Robertson that he had seen on Midlothian turnpike blood spots other than the pool of blood where Mrs. Henry C. Beattie, Jr., is alleged to have been killed by her husband.

BOY CONFUSES BEATTIE CASE

Prosecution Must Call More
Witnesses to Explain.

HE SAW SECOND BLOOD SPOT

This Upsets to a Certain Degree
Fabric of Evidence Carefully Built
Up by Commonwealth's Pros-
ecutor Wendenburg.

Chesterfield Court House, Va., Aug. 30.—A boy in his teens called as a witness for the commonwealth to testify against Henry C. Beattie, Jr., more nearly upset the carefully welded case built up against the young man charged with wife murder than any cross-examination of lawyers for the defense during the entire progress of the trial.

The witness, Alexander Robertson, was the last that the prosecution intended to call in the direct presentation of its case. He had not been on the stand fifteen minutes when Louis Wendenburg, commonwealth's prosecutor, announced to the court that he would have to call several more witnesses because of the boy's unexpected evidence.

What the boy had to say was that on the day after the murder of Mrs. Beattie he had discovered another spot of blood on the Midlothian turnpike than that which has constantly entered in evidence as marking the spot where the woman met her death. This blood stain, about as big as a saucer, so the boy testified, was about a mile and a half nearer Richmond than that to which many witnesses have testified.

It was just about where the railroad tracks cross the turnpike. On the face of it this statement has little significance, but in the weight of testimony introduced by the commonwealth it may have great importance.

This is because the theory of the prosecution has consistently been that Henry Clay Beattie shot his wife while she was standing on the road away from the automobile in which she and her husband had ridden up the dark road. After a large pool of blood had collected where the murdered woman fell, Beattie had placed the body in the front seat of the car and driven back to town with it.

The prosecution has had many witnesses state that it would have been impossible for the large pool of blood to have collected had Mrs. Beattie been shot while she was sitting in the car, as Beattie alleges she was when she met her death. On the day that the jury viewed the car wherein the homicide is said by the defense to have occurred, at the suggestion of Wendenburg every man made a close inspection to see if it was possible, what the commonwealth's lawyers have advanced that no blood could have dripped through the base of the car to the road. Yet Alexander Robertson, when asked how far from the blood spot he had been when on the day following the homicide he had picked up a yellow celluloid beirpin, already in evidence, answered by asking "which blood spot?"

The lawyers for the defense knew what he meant by this query; they had summoned him as a witness and had intended to throw a surprise into the prosecution by bringing out through this boy that there had been another telltale mark a mile and more away from the first. This was to have been the support of their theory that everything might have been as Beattie said; that when his wife was shot her blood had dripped through the floor of the car to the road and that, again, when he stopped outside of Richmond to relight the lamp that had gone out the same thing occurred.

Attorney Wendenburg for the prosecution will now have to summon several witnesses to testify that it is physically impossible that fluid spilled on the front seat of the automobile in which Beattie took his wife out to ride on the night of July 18 should drip through to the ground.

SNEAK THIEVES BUSY

Sneak thieves have been operating in this city more or less during the past summer. Efforts have been made by the officers to stop the practice but thus far they have not been able to effectually put an end to it. During the past week a very good nearly new porch rug was taken from the residence of C. T. Clifford of Normal street. An evening later one of the porch chairs disappeared. A vigilant watch is being kept by the officers and the miscreants will be severely dealt with as soon as caught.

See that your little Boys and Girls and you Grandchildren are on hand Friday morning to get one of those Buster Brown Puzzles.

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WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 30, 1911

ISN'T IT "LIBERTY" GONE MAD?
We publish below in full the first and leading editorial in the last issue of Leslie's Weekly. It is given the distinction, besides that of first place, of being double-headed, to give it greater emphasis. We publish it because it probably represents an up-to-date conviction that is taking hold of the secular mind.

Here it is:
What is the Matter?
"The world seems to be upset. Agitation, unrest and distrust prevail. Kingdoms are being uprooted, monarchies undermined, while rank socialism seeks its day."

"Great labor disturbances with loss of life are chronicled on both sides of the ocean. Bombs and dynamite do their fearful work."

"Lynchings, North and South, of innocent and guilty, are reported. Mobs gather at slightest provocation and defy the authorities. Rioters, young and old, desecrate the Sabbath. Peaceful excursionists are insulted in our cities by young toughs and rowdies of both sexes."

"The divorce courts are working overtime, and young women parade the streets in costumes that the chorus girls of the stage have made notorious, ridiculous and indecent. Chorus girls are on every street in films, clinging garments and the white-slave traffic increases by leaps and bounds."

"Legislative bodies are debauched by demagogues and rank municipal corruption is widespread. The prosperity of the country is overlooked, while upstart 'climbers' clamor to be heard and climb for every office in sight."

"The blazing sun consumes the crops and the water supplies of cities great and small are threatened. Rain refuses to fall and vegetation is parched."

"The theaters are crowded, while the pews of the churches are empty and religion is at the lowest ebb."

"Under what sign of the Zodiac are we living?"
"But God reigns and the world will still survive."

Leslie's Weekly, as we read it, seems to reflect what the Socialists call the Capitalistic class atmosphere rather more than any other class, especially editorially. We would be disposed to term this pessimistic editorial as a wall from Wall Street, but Leslie's should remember that that conservative, staid financial print, the Wall Street Journal, sounded the alarm more than a year ago that what this country needs is a return to the old-time religion of our fathers, that the old-time custom of family prayer and the family altar are gone, and with it had gone largely the individual, and, consequently, the public conscience. America, the land of the free and the home of the brave, has encouraged through license the distorted ideas of foreigners as to what constitutes liberty, until it seems to us that perhaps the matter with us is that liberty and freedom, so-called, have gone crazy, have about run the limit, until we have a condition of utter lack of respect for law and order and authority of all kinds, whether it be parental, religious, or paternal.

And now the wall goes out from financial centers that there is an utter lack of stability. When we respect nothing, how can there be expected to be stability, which is based upon the existence of a recognized standard to which all must comply, because in our form of government it represents the will of the people. But we don't respect it. We beguile ourselves into believing that it isn't any longer the will of the people, although, it hasn't been repealed, or amended or otherwise modified.

The law of contract is being forced home to us as utterly inadequate, either to preserve the civilization we have, or to promote it to a higher state, unless that law of contract is buttressed by conscience, a higher law. Consequently, wholesome, religious conviction, which takes hold of a man and teaches him to do right because it is right, instead of abiding by his contract so long only as it is to his interest to abide by it, is seen to be an indispensable substructure in our civilization.

Leslie's laments that the rankest Socialism seeks its day. Yet Leslie's gives page after page, and has been doing so for weeks, to Reginald Wright Kauffman, who depicts the curse and the methods of the White Slave traders. The Press is just finishing a review of Mr. Kauffman's book, entitled, "What is Socialism?"—a dispassionate statement of what the best thought in Socialism is, and it appeals to the judgment of the majority. Its course of reform is through the agency of democratic government and, consequently, it is an evolutionary reform based upon law.

"Rioters, young and old, desecrate the Sabbath," says Leslie's. Quite true, and this is very general. The

Christian Sabbath of our fathers was a much different Sabbath than we have today. There were some things about it that perhaps were too stringent. But we firmly believe that, with all its stringency, it was a much better instrument for character-building than the Sabbath we have today. We are lunging into the Continental Sabbath, which is no Sabbath at all, and France has found it such already, and is devising means for preventing the complete disintegration of the family and home life.

"Legislative bodies are debauched by demagogues and rank municipal corruption is wide spread." But who debauches the demagogues and who sends the demagogues to the legislature? The very "interests," which Leslie's is ever coming to the rescue of, certainly are not among the least offenders in this particular department of public activity.

There is one line of optimism, possibly, in this little preachment of Leslie's, and that is the concluding line, which reads, "But God reigns and the world will still survive." We are inclined to think that the trouble with most of us in that we take it for granted that God will look after things, and we go off on a Sunday excursion or to a Sunday baseball game and leave God to run things, and in the doing of it violate God's law and the civil law and very largely the physical law as well.

And we might suggest that the liberty which has run wild has even extended to the counting-house department of such a fine publication as Leslie's. One brave publisher has said that the publisher who will permit in his advertising columns anything which will defraud the people is no better than the fellow who holds the ladder while his pal robs the rooms upstairs and then they divide the plunder. The splendid service of Leslie's, for instance, in exposing the methods of the accursed white slave traders is decidedly dimmed and discounted by opening its columns conspicuously to liquor dealers and thus putting the stamp of its approval on the very stuff which is used to help innocent girls to go wrong and to stay wrong after they have gone wrong.

Until the conscience which Wall Street declares the absence of and which constitutes a court of reliable appeal in matters of right and wrong is reestablished in the counting-rooms of our publishers, as well as in the hearts of the people, we may expect it to riot on to complete discomfiture of the "bulls" and "bears" and the "lamb" until such time as "liberty" is again recognized as secure only in law conscientiously observed.

"WHAT IS SOCIALISM?"
(Continued)
We hope our readers have not become utterly discouraged and dropped by the wayside in reviewing this book upon what we believe to be a very important subject. We will not all agree with all that the Scientific Socialist seems to believe in at this time. Perhaps we are not educated up to it. Possibly the Socialist himself is in error in some points. But cannot we all candidly concede that there isn't anything so awfully dangerous and frightening in this doctrine held so tenaciously by the so-called Scientific Socialist? In its last analysis it is representative government, or, rather, pure democracy. It is majority rule in its simplest form. It is the will of the majority of the people, and certainly we Americans cannot take exceptions to this. If we throw this doctrine overboard, we may as well abandon all American institutions. As Mr. Lincoln used to say, "You cannot fool all of the people all of the time, although you can fool some of the people all of the time and all of the people some of the time, yet you cannot fool all of the people all of the time." So if anything revolutionary and disastrous should be appealed to the people at large, for they are the ones to decide under this regime, they simply would not adopt it, because they are not doing something to somebody else; they are doing something to themselves, and they must shoulder the responsibility, namely, for their own ends.

And so, so far as we are concerned, we are not going to lose any sleep, worrying about something which somebody calls socialistic, so long as it isn't anarchism or communism, and it isn't paternalism, and is popular rule in a more simplified form and subject to immediate corrections by the people. We believe it to be the part of wisdom to give audience to the principles and propositions advanced, and not take our dolls and go right home as soon as somebody suggests that the proposition is socialistic.

Paper Bottles for Milk.
Some of the milk companies are trying out new paper bottles, stiffened and made air and milk tight with refined paraffin, white wax. Paper impregnated with paraffin looks and feels oily and greasy, but handlers of such paraffined paper need have no fear of getting grease even on the most delicate fabric. Of course, if paraffin is heated and melted cloth will take it up, and then it is difficult to get out. Nothing is cleaner or freer from germs than pure paraffin, and it may be injected right under a man's skin without causing any trouble.—New York Press.

Infected Laughter.
Some of our prominent scientists are so impressed with the germ principle that they go around looking pretty solemn all the time, on the theory that laughter is both contagious and infectious.

Try Press Profitbringers for quick results.

MICHIGAN NEWS
BIG GAIN OF CITIES

Increase in Manufactories and Products' Value Shown.

Boom Marks Three Towns—Traverse, Pontiac, Sault Ste. Marie Have Large Percentage of Extension.

Washington, Aug. 30.—A preliminary statement of the general results of the thirteenth United States census of manufactures of four more Michigan cities have been issued.

In Traverse City there were sixty-one establishments in 1909, as compared with forty-six in 1904, an increase of 33 per cent.

The value of products in 1909 was \$2,289,000 and \$2,177,000 in 1904, an increase of 5 per cent.

Pontiac contained forty-two establishments in 1909, as compared with forty-seven in 1904, a decrease of 11 per cent.

The value of products in 1909 was \$5,894,000 and \$3,047,000 in 1904, an increase of 93 per cent.

In Sault Ste. Marie were found forty-seven establishments in 1909, as compared with thirty-eight in 1904, an increase of 24 per cent.

The value of products in 1909 was \$4,619,000 and \$2,412,000 in 1904, an increase of 92 per cent.

Holland City had fifty-nine establishments in 1909 and the value of their products was \$4,622,000.

Further details can be drawn from the summary which follows: Capital invested, \$4,524,000; cost of materials used, \$2,585,000; salaries and wages, \$1,197,000; miscellaneous expenses \$407,000; value added by manufacture (products, less cost of materials), \$2,037,000; number of salaried officials and clerks, 198; and average number of wage earners employed during the year, 1,940.

BURNS HOME; CUTS THROAT
Saginaw County Farmer, After Picnic Spree, Tries Suicide.

Saginaw, Mich., Aug. 30.—Ernest Wright, forty-five years old, a farmer of Lawndale, lies at St. Mary's hospital with his throat cut. His chances for recovery are reported very slight. He tried to kill himself in the presence of Sheriff Rimmel who went to arrest him.

Wright attended a farmer picnic at Lawndale and it is said became intoxicated. His wife it is said, found fault because of his condition. Wright wrote a note to a cousin, Lena Wohlford, saying "Good-bye." At 3 o'clock in the morning he awoke his family, driving them out doors with a revolver and then set fire to his farm house which burned to the ground.

GLAZIER BANK PAYS \$6,562
State's Share of Dividend, While \$138,844 Is Still Due.

Lansing, Mich., Aug. 30.—State Treasurer Sleeper received a check for \$6,562 from the defunct Chelsea Savings bank, that amount being the state's share in the recent dividend declared by the receiver.

There is still due the state from the bank, of which Ex-State Treasurer Frank P. Glazier was the head, the sum of \$138,844, but it is stated that this amount is more than covered by bonds the state holds, while the bank is expected to yield further dividends.

KILLS KIN IN SELF-DEFENSE
Slayer Says Brother Attacked Family With Carving Knife.

Iron Mountain, Mich., Aug. 30.—Bartholomew shot and instantly killed his brother, John Bartholomew, single, thirty-eight years old, firing two shots with a double-barreled shotgun.

Bartholomew says John was threatening to cut up the former's family with a carving knife and that the shooting was in defense of self and family. Bartholomew is held in jail for the examination on Saturday.

DRINK MISTAKE KILLS
Hastings Man Swallows Chloroform, Thinking It Is Whisky.

Hastings, Mich., Aug. 30.—Another fatality, added to the three recent tragedies, was reported when officers learned of the death by poison of Levi Cross, aged seventy years.

Cross took a drink from a bottle supposed to contain whisky, and treated a friend, who drank sparingly. Cross expired shortly afterward. Physicians discovered that the liquid was chloroform.

Takes Ax and Gun to Bed.
Gladwin, Mich., Aug. 30.—S. Kline, a young farmer living six miles south, is in the county jail here. He is thought to be insane. The other night he took an ax and gun to bed with him, saying he might have to use them. His neighbors became afraid and notified the sheriff's office, and a deputy got him after a short struggle. He is unmarried, and no cause is known for his insanity.

Ends Worry by Suicide.
Saginaw, Mich., Aug. 30.—John Stingle, sixty-two years old, and a resident for the last forty years in Saginaw, where he conducted a wholesale and retail meat business with his brother, killed himself in his butcher shop by cutting his throat with a large butcher knife. It is believed that worry over business matters turned his mind.

Engine on Farm Is Relieving Horse of Heaviest Burdens.

By H. H. MUSSELMAN, of the Michigan Agricultural College.

THE history of agricultural machinery has been one of extremely rapid development within comparatively recent years. The trend of development has been toward the application of power to hand processes. The history of manufacturing shows that the extended use of power has made the work of the world less arduous and shortened the hours of labor. Man's progress depends largely upon his capacity to do work, which is the result of the expenditure of energy. The use of power has multiplied his capacity a hundred-fold. The man with the hoe, dull and uncomprehending, is passing, and in his stead we find the man with wits keen to direct and hands skilled to control the energy which doubles his own a score.

Whether it be the four-horse team, the steam engine, or the gasoline tractor. Through the agency of well-adapted agricultural machines he has been able to direct this energy into useful work, the effectiveness and nicety of which the unaided hand of man could never equal.

This year at Winnepe, Can., was held a competition of motor tractors, steam, gasoline and kerosene. Here were met thirty-one outfits from half as many companies. For three weeks these machines were subjected to the severest tests on the brake and in the field under actual working conditions. Virgin prairie sod, the toughest task the plowman has ever encountered, was severed and upturned with a rapidity and ease amazing to the layman. What was the purpose of it all? Primarily to determine the adaptability of the various types of machines to the work for which they are intended, but in a larger sense to develop and perfect a machine which means the making of the northwest.

We are accustomed to the use of power on the farm in Michigan. The principal sources are the windmill, the gasoline engine, the steam engine and the horse. The field has been divided and to the lighter duties has been assigned the windmill and the gasoline engine. The steam engine handles the heavier duties, to which it is adapted, but to man's most faithful friend, the horse, falls the greater share. The steam engine has never been seriously considered as a field machine in Michigan on account of its weight and unwieldiness on the comparatively small fields and farms. There is being brought forth today, however, the light internal combustion tractors intended for general purpose work upon the farm. It has not as yet proven

its worth, but many are looking forward to its advent with the keenest interest. Can such a machine find a field of usefulness, and if so what would be the basis of its adoption?

Suppose we give the matter of the amount of power furnished some consideration and in so doing leave out all other factors. We will compare roughly the power furnished by the tractor with that furnished by the horse. At present the unit of power is the horse. This unit may be combined into the two, three and even the four-horse team. The latter is about the limit of power that one man can handle advantageously. The average horse is able to develop nearly a unit of horsepower when used continuously. One horsepower here is intended to mean the unit used in measuring work. A man then driving a four-horse team would be able to control the energy equal to four-horsepower. If he were using a 20-horsepower tractor which should develop, roughly speaking, about 50 per cent of the total horsepower at the draw bar, he should then have from six to ten horsepower available for effective work with the engine working at some where near its full load. All other things being equal, the balance would be in favor of the tractor, since it would enable one man to control a greater amount of power. Aside from the question of power furnished there is a question of adaptability which the manufacturer is assiduously working out. An example of what we mean by adaptability may be shown by the following: A four-horse team may be divided and each horse or unit used complete in itself this adapting it to smaller yet important details of work. In the tractor this would manifestly be impossible, but on the other hand the tractor, through its construction and efficiency, would be found especially valuable for belt work where horses can be used to very little advantage. There are many questions of design such as types of engines, gears, clutches, height and width of drivers, kind of lugs for effective traction, weight, etc., which time and experience together must determine. If, however, we can add to the size and adaptability of the now commonly understood and used gasoline or kerosene engine, obtain fuel at a reasonable cost and shift a proportionately larger share of the work upon this unteaching machine, then it will surely find favor. Old Dobbin will not be supplanted, but relieved of his heaviest burdens as he has relieved man of his.

Co-operative Creamery Ideal.

By W. B. LIVERANCE, of the Michigan Agricultural College.

THE old saying that "in union there is strength" is nowhere more applicable than in a farming community. Co-operation in business means stability. Nowhere is this better illustrated than in the little country of Denmark, where the farmers unite in all matters and secure advantages that the individual could not get. In our own country where farmers' organizations have been attempted the results have been very satisfactory. At Lawton, Mich., the grape growers organized in a co-operative way to dispose of their product and were so successful that they have received far better prices than ever known before. Not only have good prices prevailed, but a greater stability and surety has been given to disposal of their fruit.

The ideal creamery is the co-operative one. It is ideal because it returns all the profits from the manufacture of dairy products to the producer. The private creamery owner is receiving a good profit in the manufacture of the cream from farms. He gets his returns from the overrun of the butterfat delivered, and it means about four or five cents for each pound of fat delivered. This, of course, does not mean a net profit, but after all expenses are deducted it means a good profitable return.

Well-operated co-operative creameries oftentimes pay their patrons two to three cents more per pound of fat than do the private creameries. This is because that profit that has been going into the pocket of the individual owner is now turned back to the farmer.

A better grade of butter can be manufactured at the co-operative creamery than at the private plant. As a whole are making a much poorer grade of product than in former years, not because the maker is less proficient, but because of the poor quality of cream received from the farm. Where co-operation is established and each patron realizes that his returns depend upon the quality of butter manufactured at the creamery he can be taught the necessity for better care of his cream. A private creamery, because of sharp competition, is forced to take cream of poor quality, but the co-operative

creamery with each individual a part owner can be much more critical of the products taken in, and as a consequence better butter is made and the top market price received.

Many co-operative creameries have been absolute failures. This may have been the result of one or more of many causes. A promoting company may have organized the company in a community where there was not enough cows kept to insure its success. Possibly it was not due to an insufficient number of cows, but to the fact that the promoters followed their usual custom and charged an exorbitant price for the building and equipment. These two factors have been the greatest curse to co-operative creameries, and the community desiring a co-operative creamery should never ask or accept the aid of a promoting company.

Very often the failure of a co-operative creamery is due to mismanagement, the person selected to oversee the business affairs of the company being incompetent due to lack of experience along creamery lines. The creamery manager should have had actual practical experience in butter making and understand every detail of the business. The best co-operative creamery managers are butter makers. A good, thoroughly competent man should be engaged at a liberal salary to look after the entire business of the creamery. With such a man its success is practically assured.

A factor working very detrimentally to the co-operative creamery is the lack of unity and co-operative spirit among farmers. This is a very serious condition, but is generally due to the lack of a competent head, and in a strictly reliable manager is engaged there is little trouble on this score.

As previously mentioned, the co-operative creamery is the ideal condition. The leading dairymen in each community should get together to talk over the matter and secure the services of some one from their dairy school or the state dairy and food department to assist them in the organization. It will pay them not only in securing a sure market for their dairy product but a market that will guarantee better returns.

DELAWARE DESTROYS WRECK

Fate of Old Battleship Texas Settled Forever in Gun Practice.

Norfolk, Va., Aug. 30.—About twenty battleships, cruisers and supply ships of the Atlantic fleet returned to Hampton roads from Tangier sound, where the dreadnought Delaware practically destroyed every particle of the old battleship San Marcus (Texas) that was visible above water.

The Delaware used for the first time her entire battery of 12-inch guns at a range of from 12,000 to 15,000 yards, on the old ship, and it is said to have settled forever the fate of the San Marcus.

ST. LOUIS MAN ARRESTED

Son of Owner of Terminal Hotel Charged with Wife Desertion.

New York, Aug. 30.—James A. Ables, son of Julius Ables of St. Louis, owner of the Terminal hotel and the Commercial building, was arrested in this city by Detective Callahan, charged with deserting his wife.

Young Ables married a shop girl and his father did not approve of the match. Later Mrs. Ables brought suit against her father-in-law for \$50,000, charging that he had alienated her husband's affections.

Kills Self Before Daughter.

Rockford, Ill., Aug. 30.—Failing to effect a reconciliation with his wife, who had left him, Ira Hedrick committed suicide with carbolic acid. He swallowed the fatal dose in the presence of his daughter after he had sent another to tell his parents of his intention.

Italian Lad Blows Head Off.

York, Pa., Aug. 30.—Lee Lepo, fourteen-year-old son of Ira F. Lepo of this city, blew off his head with a shotgun on the farm of E. P. Flinchbaugh, where he was employed. It is said that the lad's mind had become unbalanced by reading cheap literature.

A HOLE AS EVIDENCE.

Unusual Exhibit Will Figure In the Trial of the McNamara's.

A hole in the ground caused by the explosion of a bomb will figure in the trial of the McNamara brothers for the alleged dynamiting of the Los Angeles Times. The hole was dug up and boxed for preservation.

On the morning of the destruction of the Times building, Oct. 1, 1910, two unexploded bombs were found at the residences of General Otis, owner of the Times, and F. J. Zeehandelaar, secretary of the Merchants and Manufacturers' association. A detective was carrying off the bomb from the Otis grounds inclosed in a suit case when he heard a clock ticking and dropped the grip and ran. The bomb went off, tearing a large hole in the ground.

The hole remained undisturbed, but a few days ago the attorneys for the defense decided they needed it for evidence. Accordingly four detectives set to work and by daybreak had tunneled under the hole, boxed it in and prepared to cart it away.

INVITE TAFT TO FLY.

Harvard Aviators Will Give Him Chance if He'll Take It.

President Taft will have an opportunity to take an airship ride at the air meet at Boston, which begins Aug. 27.

Officials of the Harvard Aviation association have decided to present an invitation to the president to take his first trip into the air on the day that he visits the flying exhibition.

The president has already promised that he will go from Beverly on one of the flying days.

Mayor Fitzgerald of Boston, who went up last year, will go up again this year. If possible Mayor Fitzgerald will take his next trip on the day that the president attends the meet, and an appeal will be made to the president not to let Boston's chief executive outdo him.

New Kind of Compass.

Ensign Lemire has invented a gyroscopic compass, which possesses the advantage of indicating the geographical north instead of the magnetic north. By this compass the calculation of the variation becomes unnecessary.

Pine Tract Pays.

In Louisiana in 1882 a firm bought a tract of about 19,000 acres of yellow pine for \$19,000. In 1909 the same tract was sold for \$1,125,000.

If you want to buy, sell, rent, or exchange property try the Daily Press Profitbringer column for quick results.

MY DAUGHTER WAS CURED

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Baltimore, Md.—"I send you here, with the picture of my fifteen year old daughter Alice, who was restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. She was pale, with dark circles under her eyes, weak and irritable. Two different doctors treated her and called it Greer's Sickness, but she grew worse all the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended, and after taking three bottles she has regained her health, thanks to your medicine. I can recommend it for all female troubles."—Mrs. L. A. CORKRAN, 1103 Rutland Street, Baltimore, Md.



Hundreds of such letters from mothers expressing their gratitude for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has accomplished for them have been received by the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Company, Lynn, Mass.

Young Girls, Heed This Advice.
Girls who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, backache, headache, dragging-down sensation, fainting spells or indigestion, should take immediate action and be restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Thousands have been restored to health by its use.

Write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for advice, free.

PROTECTOR
The Health of Yourself and Family
Pope's Herb is prepared to provide a dependable household remedy, based upon the principle of purity of blood insuring freedom from disease. It is a medicine for maladies such as, Rheumatism, Liver Complaint, Constipation, Fever and Ague, Indigestion, Lumbago, Kidney Derangements, Catarrh, Sick and Nervous Headaches, Loss of Appetite and all ailments arising from inactivity of the Liver and Kidneys.

It is a purely Herbs, Barks and Roots Compound. It is put up in chocolate coated Tablets pleasing and easy to take, (or can be dissolved in water).

Mrs. J. C. Meade of Hyattsville, Md., says:

"For years I have suffered with Backache, Headache, Neuralgia, and Nervousness and extreme Fatigue. I tried many remedies without relief. Four months ago a grateful friend induced me to write to Pope Medicine Co., Washington, D. C., for a box of Pope's Herb Compound Tablets, the very first dose of two tablets gave me relief. I used not quite a \$1.00 box and I am entirely cured of the pain in my back and have no more headache."

Dr. J. V. Hennessey, a prominent Physician and Surgeon of Albany, N. Y., in part says:

"As a Blood Purifier, Liver, Kidney and System regulator I prescribe Pope Medicine Co.'s of Washington, D. C., Herb Compound, as I have done for the past 20 years, and I have found it to be a great remedy, which seldom if ever fails. There are thousands of letters from users of Pope's Herbs, that have been benefited and cured by its proper use. Pope's Herb Compound Tablets are put up 200 in a box, "six months' treatment," and will be sent post-paid on receipt of \$1.00. Each box contains a printed guarantee binding us to refund the purchase price if the remedy fails to benefit, also full directions.

Guaranteed by the Pope Medicine Co., Inc., under the Pure Food and Drugs Act, June 30 1906, No. 3462.

For terms to agents in unoccupied territory address Pope Medicine Co., Inc., Pope Building, Washington, D. C.

Was Samson So Mean?
Samson was one of the early strong men. He had so much muscle that he had to play practical jokes all the time. No doubt, like other husky folk, he had the idea that it was humorous to slip up behind a friend and hit him between the shoulder blades so hard that he couldn't breathe for a week. Or he would grip the friend's hand and squeeze it until the fingers were glued together in pain. Like as not he stroled about the streets in his track suit every chance he got.

A Reader Cures His Constipation—Try it Free

Simple way for any family to retain the good health of all its members

The editors of "Health Hints" and "Questions and Answers" have one question that is put to them more often than any other, and which, strangely enough, they find the most difficult to answer. That is "How can I cure my constipation?"

Dr. Caldwell, an eminent specialist in diseases of the stomach, liver and bowels, has looked the whole field over, has practiced the specialty for forty years and is convinced that the ingredients contained in what is called Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin has the best claim to attention from constipated people.

Its success in the cure of stubborn constipation has done much to displace the use of salts, waters, strong cathartics and such things. Syrup Pepsin, by training the stomach and bowel muscles to again do their work naturally, and with

its tonic ingredients strengthening the nerves, brings about a lasting cure. Among its strongest supporters are Mr. John Graveline of 38 Milwaukee Ave., Detroit, Mich., Mr. J. A. Vernon of Oklahoma City and thousands of others. It can be obtained at any drugstore at fifty cents and one dollar a bottle, or if you want to try it first a free sample bottle can be obtained by writing the doctor.

Dr. Caldwell does not feel that the purchase of his remedy ends his obligation. He has specialized in stomach, liver and bowel diseases for over forty years and will be pleased to give the reader any advice on the subject free of charge. All are welcome to write him. Whether for the medical advice or the free sample, address him, Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 541 Caldwell building, Monticello, Ill.

Now is the Time Try a Profitbringer

Society News

Calendar for Thursday, Aug. 31, 1911
Crescent Aid Society of Stony Creek.
Mrs. Horace Ladin, east farm.
Annual meeting of Michigan State Good Roads Association, Lansing.
Reliables, Cary S. Davis, 408 Huron St. North.
Free Methodist general prayer-meeting, 7:30 p. m., church edifice, Lowell street.

Plan Menu for Picnic.

At Mrs. Milton Webb's Tuesday evening refreshment committee having in charge the dinner arrangements for the Presbyterian picnic on Labor Day met and decided upon the menu. All will eat together like a big family.

Miss Hoch Entertains.

Miss Josephine Hoch entertained at bridge Tuesday afternoon for Mrs. Grant Fritz, who is at present the guest of Miss Blanche Rexford. Three tables were in play, and at the conclusion of the playing refreshments were served.

Announces Marriage.

Mrs. James Wise announces the marriage of her nephew, Burdette Fehlig, to Miss Lillian Roeder of St. Louis, Mo., Thursday, August 21. They arrived Sunday evening and will spend the next two weeks in Michigan. Mr. Fehlig graduated from the Cleary College two years ago.

U & I Meetings Changed.

Mrs. B. C. Misener entertained the U and I Helping Hand society Tuesday afternoon. The first prize was captured by the hostess, the second, by Mrs. Mattie Patterson, the third by Mrs. Henry Perkins. It was decided that the society should hereafter meet but once in two weeks, and probably Mrs. Henry Perkins will be the next hostess on the afternoon of September 13.

Observe Wedding Anniversary.

Mrs. Emil Vokac entertained the members of the Silver Leaf club and a number of outside guests Tuesday afternoon at her home on Prospect street in honor of her fifth wedding anniversary. Seventeen guests were present. Guessing contests were the features of the entertainment the prizes for which were won by Mrs. William Horn, first; Mrs. Scheuer, second; Mrs. Chas. Damon, third. A group picture of the company was taken on the lawn before the guests returned home. A three-course supper was served by the hostess in the dining room which was decorated with bittersweet. Among those present were Mrs. Pellant and Miss Alvera Pellant and Mrs. Wm. Haight of Detroit and Mrs. Salaske and Miss Loretta Salaske of Belleville.

Miss Alice Moore and Miss Fleda Garrett left this morning for a lake trip. They will spend some time at Put-in-Bay, Sandusky and other lake ports. They will return the latter part of the week.

Mrs. C. H. Wing of Chicago and Mrs. William Bell of Jackson were the recent guests of Mrs. Charles Fisk of Forest avenue.

Prof. H. C. Lott and family are moving from Forest avenue into their new home which has just been built on Lowell street.

Mrs. W. P. Brooks and daughter Margaret and Miss Mildred A. Miller are spending today in Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Miller of Denver, Col., who have been spending the past few weeks with relatives in Ypsilanti, will leave this evening for New York City where they will spend some time.

Mrs. Alford Warden of Florida is the guest of Mrs. Glenn Seymour of Cross street.

Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Smith were Detroit visitors Tuesday.

George Hall of Detroit is an Ypsilanti visitor today.

W. J. Booth of Ann Arbor has been visiting in Ypsilanti.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WANTED—Washing and ironing at 228 Miles street. 830-90.

Aruna Cady and Clinton O'Connor attended the baseball game in Detroit Tuesday.

D. Dodge of Pontiac was in the city Tuesday. Mr. Dodge has accepted a position in a drug store at Charlotte.

Mr. and Mrs. Love of Jackson are spending a few days this week with their daughter, Mrs. Conrad Magle, in Superior township.

Miss Eva Gale of Superior township is visiting her aunt, Mrs. George Louks, in Detroit.

Miss Mabel Wilson left this morning for Spokane, Wash., where she will resume work in the city schools during the coming year. Miss Wilson has been spending her vacation at the Wilson home, 31 S. Summit St. Miss Edith Shaw is spending the week with Mrs. Ira Barkley at Clixmax, Mich. Mrs. Barkley was formerly a resident of this city.

Miss Agnes Forbes is spending the week at Cavanaugh Lake, the guest of Miss Estabrook Rankin.

Mr. and Mrs. Jay Campbell return today to Lawrence, Kansas, where Mr. Campbell teaches in the Lawrence University.

William Bury and son, Oren Bury, motored over from Ann Arbor a few days ago.

Dr. G. E. Clancy and Fred Springer of this city have registered at Clifton Inn, Whitmore Lake. At the Lake House R. G. Wiard and C. W. Corbett have been stopping.

Harry Schmidt of Ann Arbor has been visiting Ypsilanti friends.

Miss Lottie Seaver spent Sunday in Toledo.

G. E. Greer of this city was an Ann Arbor visitor recently.

Miss Pearl Eddy, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Will Eddy and Mr. and Mrs. Milton Webb, returned to her home in Owosso this morning.

Mrs. J. B. Colvan and Miss Ellen Colvan spent today in Detroit.

Miss Helen Kneip, who has been studying at Teachers' College, Columbia University, having been granted a year's leave of absence from the Normal College, has returned to this city.

W. W. Worden has moved into his new house on Pearl street, and has sold his former residence to Milton Freeman, who has already taken possession.

Mrs. Henry Perkins and her sister, Mrs. Nettie Crane, Frank Lamb and Ed Towler are among the Ypsilanti Odd Fellows who attended the picnic in Jackson today.

Miss Ethel Deubel, who is visiting her sister, Mrs. LeRoy Wilson in El Reno, Oklahoma, will be accompanied by Mrs. Wilson when she returns in about a month to enter the University of Michigan for her senior year.

Mrs. William H. Deubel is entertaining Mrs. Mary Voorhees of Syracuse, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. George Mogford of Southern Pines, North Carolina, are the guests of Mrs. W. H. Deubel.

Rev. Howard Augustine, who has acceptably filled the Presbyterian pulpit for the past two Sundays, has returned with his wife to his home in Hanover, N. J. Mrs. J. H. Augustine accompanied them.

Mrs. Emma Sober and Mrs. Emma Randall are at Collingwood, Ontario, for a few days.

Mrs. Milo Ehman has returned from a somewhat prolonged stay in Detroit.

Mrs. Homer Smith entertained today for Mrs. George W. Webster's guest, Mrs. Frank Curtis of Jonesville.

Aaron Armbruster of Saline was an Ypsilanti visitor Tuesday.

The L. L. James family have returned from a few weeks' stay at Base Lake.

Miss Cordelia Major of Muskegon stopped over in Ypsilanti Tuesday on her way to Cleveland where she will teach domestic science in the public schools.

Miss Alice Amerman, who for the past ten years has been in New York City, Long Island Beach, has returned to her home in this city and will reside at 310 Florence street.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Cooper of Detroit who have been spending the past week in the city, will leave Friday for Dallas, Texas, where Mr. Cooper has been transferred by the Detroit Stimpson Scale company.

Mrs. Julia Stevens and children are making an extended visit at Clarkston, where they are the guests of the former's mother, Mrs. C. F. R. Bel-lows.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Parkinson and children are spending a few weeks in Coldwater with friends.

Mrs. C. Goldsmith entertained the Wallachin club at her home this afternoon.

Miss Hazel Stuart and cousin, Miss Madeline Reynolds, of Kalamazoo, were in Ann Arbor, Tuesday.

Mrs. C. E. Haight, mother of Mrs. Biddlecomb, and daughter, Mrs. L. Howard, spent Tuesday with relatives at Chelsea.

Mrs. E. E. Pettibone entertained Mrs. E. J. Gale, Mrs. F. Smith of Lynn, Mass., and Mrs. J. King and Mrs. C. Sackett of Plymouth, Tuesday.

Mrs. Newton Vail daughters Nina and Vera and son Harold of Jackson are visiting Mrs. V. Bycraft for a few weeks.

Master Harold Eaton returned to his home at Detroit today after spending three weeks with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Eaton.

A daughter arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Riley of Center street, Saturday, August 26.

Miss Cora Huff who has made an extended visit with Mrs. C. Goldsmith and Miss Myrtle Crossman left today for Flint before going to Standish where she will teach the coming year.

Mrs. George Kehl and two daughters are guests of the former's sister, Mrs. Charles Allen, of Battle Creek. Miss Anna Baker and brother Henry of Plymouth were recent guests of Mrs. J. N. Eaton.

Mrs. E. R. Austin and children of East Congress street have returned from Detroit where they were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. Bidwell.

Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Donahue of Michigan City, Ind., returned to their home today after a visit with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Whalen.

Breathing Exercises.

Ella Adelia Fletcher advises: "Close the left nostril, and breath through the right during eight seconds; close the right and exhale forcibly—during two seconds—through the left; inhale through the left during eight seconds; exhale through the right in two seconds. I do not (she continues) recommend this for habitual breathing." It is highly important that the lungs should be filled with air in these breathing exercises, and that the breath should be retained during the period in which we can count, slowly, from 6 to 12. Then the exhalation should be gradual—say, exhale, pause; count two, exhale a little more; count two, and so on. The muscles of the lungs will be strengthened and their capacity greatly increased in proportion as the air is first retained and then completely exhaled.

Bridge Perfectly Adjusted.

In the Forth bridge there is a horizontal pull of 10,000 tons on the chief spans, and a weight of 100,000 tons on their bases. Half a dozen ironclads might be hung upon them without causing any undue strain.

FAVORS BIG GUNS FOR PEACE.

Lord Beresford Scouts the Idea of a British-German War.

The peace of Europe is best maintained by big navies is the opinion of Lord Charles Beresford, who is visiting this country.

It was in reply to a question regarding the makeup of the British navy that Lord Charles Beresford gave his opinion.

"I do not think it is arrogance to say that the peace of Europe depends largely upon the strength of the British fleet," he said. "Peace is for the interest of all and is the greatest interest the powers of the world have to consider."

"The idea of war between England and Germany is ridiculous. Diplomacy will always prevail to prevent such a thing."

Asked about the veto bill, he said the reform of the house of lords was a necessary step to meet modern requirements. He added without comment that the house of lords will have to be distinctly reformed. He was asked which was the greater fighting ship, our new Delaware or the British Dreadnought.

"That is a question of patriotism," he answered diplomatically.

Lord Beresford is going to the Pacific coast and then to Mexico, where he has property.

BECKERSON'S RHEUMATISM REMEDY

Succeeds Where Others Fail

IS USED FOR SCIATICA, INFLAMMATORY AND MUSCULAR RHEUMATISM, ALSO ALL KIDNEY DISORDERS. IT HAS NEVER FAILED TO EFFECT A CURE. IT RELIEVES ALL SYMPTOMS OF RHEUMATISM NO MATTER HOW OLD THE CASE MAY BE AND VERY SELDOM IS IT NECESSARY TO TAKE THE SECOND BOTTLE.

Read what one of many hundreds has to say:

June 6th, 1909.
Dear Sir—I am very much pleased to tell you that your medicine has effected what no other medicine has done, a cure. I have had rheumatism for forty years, suffered terrible pain, could not put one leg over the other without taking hold and lifting. My legs today are just about as good as they were when I was twenty-five. I certainly recommend it to every sufferer from rheumatism. Yours,
JOSEPH BEST,
17 Curry Ave., Windsor, Ont.



None genuine without this signature.

If your druggist does not have it send \$1.00 for an eight-ounce bottle. Sent prepaid to any part of U. S. A.

Address:

BOYD MEDICINE CO.
DEPT. R.,
183 Vermont Ave., DETROIT, MICH.

16 Pairs of Buster Brown Stockings

To Be Given Away to the Boys and Girls as follows

Two pairs each to the first Boy and Girl who can demonstrate to us that they have solved the Buster Brown Darnless Hose Puzzle now on display in our show windows. That disposes of four pair. See?

Friday Morning at 8 O'clock Sharp

we will give away Buster Brown Puzzles to all the Boys and Girls who call for them.

Do not destroy the Puzzle. If you can not work the Puzzle, keep it and remember the number. That number may help you to get one or two pair of the remaining twelve pair, which scheme will be announced Friday morning when you get the Puzzles.

Yours for the best stockings on earth.



THE HOME OF BUSTER BROWN HOSE

The Good Old Fashioned Way

OF TRYING TO PLEASE OUR CUSTOMERS STILL PREVAILS HERE. WE WOULD RATHER PLACE OUR LINE OF

Hardware, Dry Goods, Notions Etc.

IN THE HANDS OF SATISFIED CUSTOMERS THAN TO SATISFY OURSELVES.

GIVE US A CALL AND CONVINCE YOURSELF THAT THIS IS THE PLACE TO BUY.

New York Racket Store

13 N. HURON ST. A. L. EVANS, Prop. HOME PHONE 74

WE,

We Sell

Lumber
Lath
Posts
Shingles
Sash Doors
Blinds
Wire Fence
Paint
Coal
and Wood
At Right
Prices

To People

Without
Number,
Have Long
Sold

We Sell

Cement
Lime
Plaster
Glass
Roofing
Sewer Pipe
Drain Tile
Brick
At Right
Prices

THE BEST OF LUMBER!

We Always Have The Stock On Hand, None Better, In All The Land. Our Prices Make Our Business Hum, And That Is Why The People Come!

Webster Bros. & Sons

BOTH PHONES 129

Press Profitbringers

the one sure way of reaching prospective buyers of your surplus articles regardless of what they are. They also help you to

Recover Lost Articles, Secure Help, Rent Your House or Farm, Secure You a Position, Etc.

Want Anything? Use a Profitbringer

SAVING MONEY IS A SACRIFICE AND A DAILY SACRIFICE IS WHAT MAKES MEN STRONG IN CHARACTER. DO NOT DELAY HAVING A SAVINGS ACCOUNT.

The First National Bank

Ypsilanti, Michigan

A Slaughter Sale

COMMENCING

AUGUST 29

and continuing to

SEPTEMBER 5

GRAHAM FLOUR, PER 10-POUND SACK.....	20c
MORNING GLORY, WINTER WHEAT FLOUR, 25 POUNDS.....	50c
CLARK'S FANCY, WINTER WHEAT FLOUR, 25 POUNDS.....	55c
DRIFTED SNOW, A BLEND, 25 POUNDS.....	60c
PRIDE OF QUINCY, 25 POUNDS.....	55c
WHITE ROSE, SPRING AND WINTER, 25 POUNDS.....	65c
CRESCENT BLENDED FLOUR, 25 POUNDS.....	70c
HENKEL'S BREAD FLOUR, 25 POUNDS.....	70c
ROYAL, CLEAR SPRING WHEAT FLOUR, 25 POUNDS.....	70c
1900, AS GOOD AS ANY, 25 POUNDS.....	70c
FRESH GROUND TABLE MEAL, PER 10-POUND SACK.....	18c

Beans and Beans and Beans

THREE QUARTS	25c
ONE PECK	55c
ONE BUSHEL	\$2.00

CHOICE COTTON SEED MEAL, 43% Protein, per ton.....	\$30.00
COTTON SEED MEAL, PER CWT.....	\$1.55
OATS, OLD, TEN BUSHEL LOTS, PER BUSHEL.....	42c
OATS, OLD, FIVE BUSHEL LOTS, PER BUSHEL.....	43c
OATS, OLD, ONE BUSHEL LOTS.....	45c
OATS, NEW, TEN BUSHEL LOTS, PER BUSHEL.....	40c
OATS, NEW, FIVE BUSHEL LOTS, PER BUSHEL.....	42c
OATS, NEW, ONE BUSHEL LOTS.....	45c
SALT, PER 100-POUND SACK.....	30c
COARSE CORN MEAL, PER CWT.....	\$1.50
CRACKED CORN, PER CWT.....	\$1.50
CORN AND OAT CHOP, PER CWT.....	\$1.50
MIXED FEED FOR CHICKENS, PER CWT.....	\$1.60
CORN FLAKE, PER CWT.....	\$1.30
BEST TIMOTHY HAY, PER CWT.....	\$1.00
STRAW, PER BALE	50c

B. G. MOORMAN

9-11 W. Congress St. Ypsilanti, Mich.

SHIRT WAIST SPECIALS

TO CLOSE OUT A FEW SPECIAL LOTS OF SHIRT WAISTS BEFORE THE WINTER SEASON WE HAVE DECIDED TO SELL THEM AT REMARKABLY LOW PRICES. HERE ARE OUR OFFERS:

White Shirt Waists

A SPLENDID VARIETY OF MATERIALS, PATTERNS AND TRIMMINGS RANGING AT VARIOUS PRICES, ALL TO BE SOLD AT.....

Taffeta and Messaline Silk

THESE WAISTS ARE WELL MADE AND ARE OF THE LATEST PATTERNS, NEATLY DESIGNED AND OF GOOD SUBSTANTIAL MATERIAL. THESE WAISTS WERE BARGAINS AT \$3.50 BUT THE CLOSING OUT PRICE WILL BE.....

These Prices Prevail Now. It Will Pay You To Call Early

DAVIS & KISHLAR

1-4 Off

\$2.50